### Beckstead & Co., LLC 566 S. Asbury Ct. Grand Junction, CO 81504 (970) 462-7707 (970) 462-7709 (fax) www.becksteadcpa.com

March 4, 2022

To the Board of Directors Elevation Park Metropolitan District

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Elevation Park Metropolitan District for the year ended December 31, 2021. Professional standards require that we provide you with information about our responsibilities under generally accepted auditing standards, as well as certain information related to the planned scope and timing of our audit. We have communicated such information in our letter to you dated December 8, 2021. Professional standards also require that we communicate to you the following information related to our audit.

#### Significant Audit Findings

#### Qualitative Aspects of Accounting Practices

Management is responsible for the selection and use of appropriate accounting policies. The significant accounting policies used by the District are described in the notes to the financial statements. No new accounting policies were adopted and the application of existing policies was not changed during the year. We noted no transactions entered into by the governmental unit during the year for which there is a lack of authoritative guidance or consensus. All significant transactions have been recognized in the financial statements in the proper period.

Accounting estimates are an integral part of the financial statements prepared by management and are based on management's knowledge and experience about past and current events and assumptions about future events. Certain accounting estimates are particularly sensitive because of their significance to the financial statements and because of the possibility that future events affecting them may differ significantly from those expected. We noted no estimates that are particularly sensitive.

The financial statement disclosures are neutral, consistent, and clear.

#### Difficulties Encountered in Performing the Audit

We encountered no significant difficulties in dealing with management in performing and completing our audit.

#### Corrected and Uncorrected Misstatements

Professional standards require us to accumulate all known and likely misstatements identified during the audit, other than those that are trivial, and communicate them to the appropriate level of management. Several financial statement presentation entries were proposed by us and accepted by management. Those entries are attached for your information.

#### Disagreements with Management

For purposes of this letter, a disagreement with management is a financial accounting, reporting, or auditing matter, whether or not resolved to our satisfaction, that could be significant to the financial statements or the auditor's report. We are pleased to report that no such disagreements arose during the course of our audit.

#### Management Representations

We have requested certain representations from management that are included in the management representation letter dated March 4, 2022.

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#### Management Consultations with Other Independent Accountants

In some cases, management may decide to consult with other accountants about auditing and accounting matters, similar to obtaining a "second opinion" on certain situations. If a consultation involves application of an accounting principle to the governmental unit's financial statements or a determination of the type of auditor's opinion that may be expressed on those statements, our professional standards require the consulting accountant to check with us to determine that the consultant has all the relevant facts. To our knowledge, there were no such consultations with other accountants.

#### Other Audit Findings or Issues

We generally discuss a variety of matters, including the application of accounting principles and auditing standards, with management each year prior to retention as the governmental unit's auditors. However, these discussions occurred in the normal course of our professional relationship and our responses were not a condition to our retention.

#### Other Matters

With respect to the supplementary information accompanying the financial statements, we made certain inquiries of management and evaluated the form, content, and methods of preparing the information to determine that the information complies with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the method of preparing it has not changed from the prior period, and the information is appropriate and complete in relation to our audit of the financial statements. We compared and reconciled the supplementary information to the underlying accounting records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves.

This information is intended solely for the use of board of directors and management of Elevation Park Metropolitan District and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Co., LLC

### **Elevation Park Metropolitan District**

Financial Statements and Report of Independent Auditor

December 31, 2021

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#### REPORT OF INDEPENDENT AUDITOR

March 4, 2022

To the Board of Directors **Elevation Park Metropolitan District** 

#### Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Elevation Park Metropolitan District (the "District"), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the District, as of December 31, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

#### Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it



March 4, 2022 **Elevation Park Metropolitan District** Page 2

exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### **Required Supplementary Information**

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the required budgetary comparison schedule for the general fund, as identified in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Management has omitted management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental



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March 4, 2022 Elevation Park Metropolitan District Page 3

Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinions on the basic financial statements are not affected by this missing information.

#### **Supplementary Information**

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The budgetary comparisons for the capital improvement fund and for the debt service fund, as identified in the table of contents, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

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### Elevation Park Metropolitan District Statement of Net Position December 31, 2021

December 31, 2021		
	(	Governmental
	_	Activities
Assets		
Current Assets		
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	438,035
Due from County Treasurer		2,073
Property taxes receivable		30,516
	Total Assets \$	470,624
Liabilities		
Current Liabilities		
Accounts payable	\$	741
Due to other governments		56,710
Accrued interest payable		247,005
	otal Current Liabilities	304,456
Noncurrent Liabilities  Bonds payable  Developer poughls including \$58,222 per cerital related		2,455,000
Developer payable including \$58,333 non-capital related  Total	Noncurrent Liabilities	1,080,196 3,535,196
	Total Liabilities	3,839,652
Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Deferred property tax revenue		30,516
Net Position		
Net investment in capital assets		(1,021,863)
Restricted for emergencies		1,042
Unrestricted		(2,378,723)
	Total Net Position	(3,399,544)
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resour	rces, and Net Position <u>\$</u>	470,624

### Elevation Park Metropolitan District Statement of Activities For the year ended December 31, 2021

	Expenses	Net Expense (Revenue)
Governmental Activities		
General government	\$ 3,147,647	\$(3,147,647)
Interest and related expenses on long-term del	ot 166,065	(166,065)
Tota	als 3,313,712	
General Revenues Property taxes System development fees Interest	Change in Net Position	33,168 10,004 2 (3,270,538)
Net Position, beginning of year		(129,006)
Net Position, end of year		\$(3,399,544)

## Elevation Park Metropolitan District Balance Sheets Governmental Funds December 31, 2021

	(	General		Capital rovement	De	ebt Service	Gov	Total ernmental Funds
Assets							-	
Cash and investments	\$	8,672	\$	_	\$	429,363	\$	438,035
Prepaid expenses		2,073		_	•	, -	·	2,073
Property taxes receivable		5,086		_		25,430		30,516
Total Assets	\$	15,831	\$	-	\$	454,793	\$	470,624
Liabilities								
Accounts payable	\$	741	\$	_	\$	_	\$	741
Due to other government	۲	9,188	Ţ	_	Ą	47,522	\$	56,710
Total Liabilities		9,929				47,522	<u>, ,                                  </u>	57,451
Total Liabilities		3,323				77,322		37,431
Deferred Inflows of Resources								
Deferred property tax revenue		5,086		-		25,430		30,516
Fund Balance								
Restricted for emergencies		1,042		_		_		1,042
Restricted for debt service		-		_		381,841		381,841
Assigned for capital improvements		_		_		-		-
Nonspendable - prepaid expensess		2,073		_		-		2,073
Unassigned		(2,299)		_		-		(2,299)
Total Fund Balance		816		_		381,841		382,657
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of						<u> </u>		·
Resources, and Fund Balance	\$	15,831	\$		\$	454,793	\$	470,624

## Elevation Park Metropolitan District Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Position of Governmental Activities December 31, 2021

Total Fund Balance	\$	382,657
Amounts reported for the governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:		
Bonds payable and other long-term debt is not due and payable in the current period, and therefore is not reported in the governmental funds.	(:	3,535,196)
Accrued interest payable on outstanding bonds and other long-term debt do not require current financial resources, and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds.		(247,005)
Total Net Position	\$ (	3,399,544)

### Elevation Park Metropolitan District Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

#### For the year ended December 31, 2021

		G	ieneral		pital vement	Debt Service	Go	Total vernmental Funds
Revenues								
Property taxes	_		5,528		-	27,640	\$	33,168
System development t	fees		-		-	10,004		10,004
Interest						2		2
	Total Revenues		5,528		-	37,646		43,174
Expenditures								
Current Operating								
Accounting		\$	7,198	\$	-	\$ -	\$	7,198
Audit			7,500		-	-		7,500
Insurance - other			2,272		-	_		2,272
Legal			16,822		-	-		16,822
Miscellaneous			820		-	_		820
Treasurer fees			121		-	_		121
Capital outlay			-		-	_		-
Debt Service								
Principal			-		-	1,884,697		1,884,697
Interest			-	-		18,254		18,254
Trustee fees			_		-	1,500		1,500
Issuance costs			_		-	206,354		206,354
	Total Expenditures		34,733		-	2,110,805		2,145,538
Excess o	f Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(29,205)		-	(2,073,159)		(2,102,364)
Other Financing Sources	s (Uses)							
Debt issued			-		-	2,455,000		2,455,000
Developer advances			28,000		-	-		28,000
	Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		28,000		-	2,455,000		2,483,000
	Net change in fund balances		(1,205)		-	381,841		380,636
Fund balances, beginnin	g of year		2,021		_	-		2,021
Fund balances, end of y	<del>-</del> ·	\$	816	\$	-	\$ 381,841	\$	382,657
·	•							

## Elevation Park Metropolitan District Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the year ended December 31, 2021

Total net change in fund balances - governmental funds	\$	380,636
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:		
Capital assets contributed to other governments does not require the use of current financial resources and is not reported as an expenditure in the governmental funds.	(	2,906,560)
Governmental funds report debt proceeds as other financing sources; however, the government-wide financial statements report debt proceeds as increases in long-term debt.	(	2,483,000)
Governmental funds report debt principal payments as expenditures; however, the government-wide financial statements report debt principal payments as decreases in long-term debt.		1,884,697
Accrued interest expense on long-term debt is reported in the Statement of Activities, but does not require the use of current financial resources; therefore, the change in accrued interest expense is not reported as an expenditure in the governmental funds.	\$ (	(146,311) 3,270,538)

#### SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of the Elevation Park Metropolitan District, herein referred to as the District, conform to generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applicable to governmental units. The District applies all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements. Significant accounting policies of the District are described below.

#### A. Financial Reporting Entity

The District was organized pursuant to provisions set forth in the Colorado Special District Act. The governing body of the District consists of a five-member Board of Directors which is elected by the registered voters within the District. The purpose of the District is to construct public improvements infrastructure for a residential development. The first phase of the infrastructure has been dedicated to, and accepted by, the following entities: the City of Durango (water infrastructure), South Durango Sanitation District (sanitation infrastructure), and Elevation Park at Hope Springs Homeowners Association, Inc. (street, traffic and safety, and certain landscaping infrastructure).

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has specified the criteria to be used in defining a governmental entity for financial reporting purposes. The reporting entity consists of (a) the primary government; i.e., the District, and (b) organizations for which the District is financially accountable. The District is considered financially accountable for legally separate organizations if it is able to appoint a voting majority of an organization's governing body and is either able to impose its will on that organization or there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or to impose specific financial burdens on, the District. Consideration is also given to other organizations that are fiscally dependent; i.e., unable to adopt a budget, levy taxes, or issue debt without approval by the District. Organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the District are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete are also included in the reporting entity.

Based on the criteria discussed above, the District's financial statements do not include any component units, nor do they exclude any potential component units requiring inclusion in the District's reporting entity, nor is the District a component unit of any other government. The District's financial statements include the accounts of all District operations.

#### **B.** Basis of Presentation

#### **GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENTS**

The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the primary government (the District). These statements include the financial activities of the overall government. The statement of net position presents the financial condition of the governmental activities of the District at year-end. The statement of changes in net position presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the District's governmental activities.

In the statement of activities, direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and, therefore, clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges

paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District, with certain limited exceptions.

The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

#### **FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The District segregates transactions related to certain functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance by segregating transactions related to certain governmental functions or activities. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the District at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column.

Governmental accounting systems are organized and operated on a fund basis. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues and expenditures. The District's funds are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions or limitations based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and by the means by which spending activities are controlled. The various funds of the District are outlined in the following paragraphs:

#### **Governmental Funds**

Governmental fund operating statements present increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures, other financing uses, and special items) in net current assets. Accordingly, they are said to present a summary of sources and uses of "available spendable resources" during a period.

General Fund - used to account for all financial resources, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund balance is available to the District for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to general statutory laws.

Capital Improvement Fund - used to account for proceeds from long-term bond obligations and developer advances that are used for major capital and equipment additions.

Debt Service Fund - used to account for accumulation of resources for, and payment of, long-term bond obligation principal, interest and related costs.

#### C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

#### **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Non-exchange transactions, in

which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, consist of property taxes, other taxes and fines and penalties. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of the District are included on the statement of net position.

#### **FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The District considers all revenues available if they are collected within 60 days after year-end. The following revenue sources are considered susceptible to accrual because they are both measurable and available to finance expenditures of the current period:

- Property Taxes
- Specific Ownership Taxes

Taxpayer-assessed local property and specific ownership taxes are considered "measurable" when in the hands of intermediary collecting governments and are recognized as revenue at that time. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for un-matured principal and interest on general long-term debt, which is recognized when due. Proceeds of general long-term liabilities are reported as other financing sources.

#### D. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The District uses the following procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- I. Prior to October 15, the District staff submits to the Board a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following January I. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. A "Notice of Budget" is published when the budget is received.
- 2. Public hearings are held to obtain taxpayer comments.
- 3. Prior to December 15, the Board shall adopt, by resolution, the budget for the ensuing fiscal year and shall certify the tax levy to the Board of County Commissioners.
- 4. On or before December 31, the Board shall pass an annual appropriating resolution in which such sums of money shall be appropriated as the Board deems necessary to defray all expenses and liabilities of the District during the ensuing year.
- 5. The District's budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for governmental entities. Annual appropriated budgets are adopted for all funds. The level of control in the budget at which expenditures exceed appropriations is at the fund level.

- 6. After adoption of the budget ordinance, the District may make by ordinance the following changes: a) supplemental appropriations to the extent of revenues in excess of the estimated budget; b) emergency appropriations; c) reduction of appropriations for which originally estimated revenues are insufficient.
- 7. Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the fund level. Board approval is required for changes in the total budget of any fund. Budget amounts included in the financial statements are based on final legally amended budgets.
- 8. Budget appropriations lapse at the end of each year.

The District legally adopted annual budgets for all of the District's funds for 2021. There were no supplemental appropriations during the current year.

#### E. Restricted Assets and Classification of Fund Balance

Assets are reported as restricted when limitations on their use change the nature or normal understanding of the availability of the asset. Such constraints are either imposed by creditors, contributors, grantors, laws of other governments, or imposed by enabling legislation. It is the District's policy to use restricted assets first when an expense is incurred for which both restricted and unrestricted assets are available.

In the governmental fund financial statements fund balance is reported in five classifications.

**Nonspendable:** Nonspendable is that portion of fund balance that are not in spendable form, for example prepaid expenses or inventories. The District had nonspendable fund balance for prepaid expenses at year end.

**Restricted:** The Colorado Constitution as amended by TABOR (see separate statutory compliance note) requires local governments to establish emergency reserves to be used for declared emergencies only. Emergencies, as defined by TABOR, exclude economic conditions, revenue shortfalls, or salary or fringe benefit increases. Additionally, the District expects to have restricted fund balance for capital outlay and debt service when it issues bonds. It is the District's policy to use restricted fund balance first when an expense is incurred for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance are available.

**Committed:** Committed is that portion of fund balance that has been committed by the highest level of formal action of the District's Board of Directors and does not lapse at year-end. The District does not have any committed fund balance at year end. It is the District's policy to use committed fund balance first when an expense is incurred for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance are available.

**Assigned:** Assignments of fund balance are designated by District management. Fund balance in the Capital Improvements Fund is assigned for future capital improvements. The District does not have any assigned fund balance at year end.

Unassigned: Fund balance that has not been reported in any other classification is reported as unassigned.

#### F. Property Taxes Receivable and Deferred Revenue

Property taxes are levied on December 15, and attach as an enforceable lien on property on January 1<sup>st</sup> of the following year, payable in either one installment (no later than April 30<sup>th</sup>) or two equal installments (not later than February 28<sup>th</sup> and June 15<sup>th</sup>) without interest or penalty. Taxes not paid within the prescribed time bear interest at the rate of one percent (1%) per month until paid. Unpaid amounts and the accrued interest thereon become delinquent on June 16<sup>th</sup>. Property taxes are levied and collected on behalf of the District by La Plata County and are reported as revenue when received by the County Treasurer. Property taxes levied in the current year and payable in the following year are reported as a receivable at December 31; however, since the taxes are not available to pay current liabilities, the receivable is recorded as deferred revenue.

#### **G.** Capital Assets

All capital assets purchased or acquired with an original cost in excess of the capitalization thresholds set by the District are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. Donated assets are valued at their estimated fair value on the date of the donation. Repairs and maintenance are recorded as expenditures as incurred; while additions, improvements and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. All capital assets acquired have been dedicated to other local governments in accordance with the District's service plan.

#### I. Use of Estimates

Management uses estimates and assumptions in preparing these financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Those estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the reported revenues and expenses. Actual results could vary from the estimates that were used.

#### CASH AND INVESTMENTS

The District's policy in determining which items are treated as cash equivalents include cash, demand deposits, treasury bills, and other short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to cash and have original maturities of three months or less.

Investments are reported at fair value which is determined using selected bases. Short term investments are reported at cost which approximates fair value. Securities traded on a national or international exchange are valued at the last quoted market price. Cash deposits are reported at carrying amounts which reasonably estimates fair value.

The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act (PDPA) requires that all units of local government deposit cash in eligible public depositories. Eligibility is determined by state regulators. The eligible depository is required to pledge to the Colorado Division of Banking a pool of collateral having a market value that at all times exceeds 102 percent of uninsured aggregate public deposits. The eligible collateral is determined by the PDPA, which includes obligations of the United States, the State of Colorado, Local Colorado governments, and obligations secured by first lien mortgages on real property located in the state. PDPA allows the institution to create a single collateral pool for all public funds. The pool is to be maintained by another institution or held in trust for

all the uninsured public deposits as a group. The State Regulatory Commission for banks and financial services is required by statute to monitor the naming of eligible depositories and reporting of the uninsured deposits and assets maintained in the collateral pools.

There is no custodial credit risk for public deposits collateralized under PDPA.

In order to facilitate the recording of cash transactions and maximize interest earnings, the District has pooled cash deposits for all funds. The District maintains accountability for each fund's equity in pooled cash. Interest earnings for combined funds are generally distributed based on monthly cash balances.

At December 31, 2021, all of the District's deposits were either held in deposit accounts insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or in eligible depositories as required by PDPA in accordance with state statute, and had total balances (as reflected on the bank's records, before outstanding items) on deposit of \$8,672 which was covered by FDIC insurance.

The District has not adopted a formal investment policy; however, the District invests public funds in a manner which will provide the highest investment return with the maximum security, meet daily cash flow demands, and conform to all federal, state and local statutes governing the investment of public funds. This applies to the investment of all financial assets of all funds of the District over which it exercises financial control.

Colorado statutes specify investment instruments meeting defined rating and risk criteria in which local governments may invest which include:

Obligations of the United States and certain U.S. governmental agency securities, including securities issued by FNMA (federal national mortgage association), GNMA (governmental national mortgage association), FHLMC (federal home loan mortgage corporation), the federal farm credit bank, the federal land bank, the exportimport bank, and by the Tennessee Valley Authority, and certain international agency securities, including the World Bank

General obligation and revenue bonds of U.S. local government entities, the District of Columbia, and territorial possessions of the U.S. rated in the highest two rating categories by two or more nationally recognized rating agencies

Bankers' acceptances of certain banks

Certain securities lending agreements

Commercial paper

Written repurchase agreements collateralized by certain authorized securities

Certain money market funds

Guaranteed investment contracts

Local government investment pools

The investing local government's own securities including certificates of participation and lease obligations.

#### **Local Government Investment Pool (COLOTRUST)**

Included in cash and cash equivalents is \$85,165 held in the Colorado Local Government Liquid Asset Trust (the Trust), an investment vehicle established for local government entities in Colorado to pool surplus funds. The State Securities Commissioner administers and enforces all State statutes governing the Trust. The Trust operates similarly to a money market fund. The Trust offers shares in three portfolios, COLOTRUST Prime (Prime), COLOTRUST Plus+ (Plus+) and COLOTRUST Edge (Edge). All portfolios may invest in U.S. Treasury securities, repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury securities, certain obligations of U.S. government agencies and instrumentalities, and repurchase agreements collateralized with certain U.S. government agencies or instrumentalities. Plus+ and Edge may also invest in the highest rated commercial paper. The Prime and Plus+ portfolios are restricted to a weighted average maturity (WAM) of 60 days or less while the Edge portfolio incorporates longer-dated securities with a WAM of 60 days or more. Both Prime and Plus+ portfolios are rated AAAm by Standard and Poor's and the EDGE portfolio is rated AAAf/S1 by Fitch Ratings.

As of December 31, 2021, the District had \$0 invested in Prime, \$85,165 invested in Plus+, and \$0 invested in Edge.

#### **U.S. Government Money Market Fund**

Included in cash and cash equivalents is \$344,198 held in the Federated Hermes U.S. Treasury Cash Reserves fund. This fund is classified as a U.S. government money market fund on the National Association of Insurance Commissioner's list. This designation denotes that the fund meets certain quality and pricing guidelines to be classified as such including that the fund be rated AAAm or Aaa-mf by a nationally recognized rating organization, maintain a net asset value of \$1 at all times, allow a maximum 7-day redemption of proceeds, and invest 100% in US. Government securities.

Certain investments are measured at fair value on a recurring basis are categorized within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure an asset's fair value; Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs: Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The District's investments are not required to be categorized within the fair value hierarchy. These investments are measured at amortized cost or in certain circumstances the value is calculated using the net asset value (NAV) per share, or its equivalent of the investment. These investments include 2a7-like external investment pools and money market investments. The valuation of the District's investment in COLOTRUST was determined as follows.

COLOTRUST records its investments at fair value and the District records its investments in COLOTRUST at net asset value as determined by fair value. Each share of Prime and Plus is equal in value to \$1.00 and the redemption frequency is daily with no redemption notice period. Edge's net asset value is managed to

approximate a \$10.00 transactional share price and the redemption frequency is five business days. The principal value of an Edge investment may fluctuate and could be greater or less than \$10.00 per share at time of purchase, prior to redemption, and at the time of redemption. There are no unfunded commitments.

A summary of the District's cash and investments is as follows:

Cash in bank	\$	8,672
COLOTRUST Plus+		85,165
U.S. Government Money Market Fund	:	344,198
	\$ .	438,035

#### FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The District has a number of financial instruments, including cash and equivalents, receivables, and accounts payable, none of which are held for trading purposes. The District estimates that the fair values of its financial instruments at December 31, 2021 does not differ materially from the aggregate carrying values of its financial instruments recorded in the accompanying balance sheet.

#### CAPITAL ASSETS

A summary of changes in capital assets follows:

560	\$ -	\$ (2,906,560)	\$	-
560	\$ -	\$ (2,906,560)	\$	-
	 	 	,	

Depreciation is calculated using the straight-line method. There was no depreciation expense reported for 2021.

LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS					
					Due Within
	12/31/2020	Additions	Deletions	12/31/2021	One Year
Developer advances - capital	\$ 2,906,560	\$ -	\$ (1,884,697)	\$1,021,863	\$ -
Developer advances - operating	30,333	28,000	-	58,333	-
Series 2021 Limited Tax GO Bonds		2,455,000		2,455,000	
	\$ 2,936,893	\$2,483,000	\$ (1,884,697)	\$3,535,196	\$ -

#### **Developer Advances**

The developer of the area within the District has advanced funds to the District for capital outlay and for operating needs. Reimbursement of these advances will be made as funds are available, the timing of which is not known at this time. These advances bear interest at the Wall Street Journal prime rate plus 2% which calculated as 5.25% at December 31, 2021.

#### **Limited Tax General Obligation Bonds Series 2021**

General Obligation Bonds in the face amount of \$2,455,000 were issued with a date of September 1, 2021. The bonds bear interest at 4.25%, payable semiannually on June 1 and December 1. Principal payments begin on December 1, 2025 and continue each December 1 until redeemed. The bonds are secured by a lien on pledged revenues. The annual requirements to amortize the Limited Tax General Obligation Bonds Series 2021 are as follows:

	Bonds				
Year	Principal	Interest			
2022	\$ -	\$ 104,338			
2023	-	104,338			
2024	-	104,338			
2025	15,000	104,338			
2026	35,000	103,700			
2027-2031	235,000	492,575			
2032-2036	330,000	434,775			
2037-2041	450,000	354,875			
2042-2046	605,000	246,500			
2047-2051	785,000	103,700			
	\$ 2,455,000	\$2,153,477			

The District has an authorized debt limit of \$5,000,000 of which \$2,455,000 has been issued.

#### CONTINGENCIES

During the normal course of business, the District may incur claims and other assertions against it from various agencies and individuals. Management of the District and their legal representatives represent that no claims have been asserted against the District and they are not aware of any un-asserted possible claims or litigation as of December 31, 2021.

#### RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; thefts of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; or acts of God.

The District has elected to participate in the Colorado Special Districts Property and Liability Pool (the Pool) which is sponsored by the Special District Association of Colorado. The Pool provides property and general liability, automobile physical damage and liability, public official's liability and machinery coverage to its members. There have been no significant reductions in coverage from the prior year and settled claims have not exceeded coverage in the last three years. The District pays annual premiums to the Pool for liability, property, and public officials' liability coverage. In the event aggregated losses incurred by the Pool exceed amounts recoverable from reinsurance contracts and funds accumulated by the Pool, the Pool may require additional contributions from the Pool members. Any excess funds which the Pool determines are not needed for purposes

of the Pool may be returned to the members pursuant to a distribution formula. During the year ended December 31, 2021, the Pool made no distributions to the District.

A summary of audited statutory basis financial information for the Pool as of and for the year ended December 31, 2020 is as follows:

Assets	\$ 59,612,386
Liabilities	\$ 37,710,994
Surplus	21,901,392
	\$ 59,612,386
•	
Revenues	\$ 23,853,329
Expenses	23,825,575
Net Income (Loss)	\$ 27,754

#### STATUTORY COMPLIANCE

#### **TABOR Amendment - Revenue and Spending Limitation Amendment**

In November 1992, Colorado voters amended Article X of the Colorado Constitution by adding Section 20, commonly known as the Taxpayer's Bill of Rights (TABOR). TABOR contains revenue, spending, tax, and debt limitations, which apply to the State of Colorado and local governments. TABOR requires, with certain exceptions, advance voter approval for any new tax, tax rate increase, mill levy above that for the prior year, extensions of any expiring tax, or tax policy change directly causing a net tax revenue gain to any local government.

Future spending and revenue limits are determined based on the prior year's fiscal year spending adjusted for inflation in the prior calendar year plus annual local growth. Fiscal year spending is generally defined as expenditures and reserve increases with certain exceptions. Revenue, if any, in excess of the fiscal year spending limit must be refunded in the next fiscal year unless voters approve retention of such revenue.

TABOR requires, with certain exceptions, voter approval prior to imposing new taxes, increasing a tax rate, increasing a mill levy above that for the prior year, extending an expiring tax, or implementing a tax policy change directly causing a net tax revenue gain to any local government.

Except for financing bonded debt at a lower interest rate or adding new employees to existing pension plans, TABOR requires advance voter approval for the creation of any multiple-fiscal year debt or other financial obligation unless adequate present cash reserves are pledged irrevocably and held for payments in all future fiscal years.

TABOR also requires local governments to establish emergency reserves to be used for declared emergencies only. Emergencies, as defined by TABOR, exclude economic conditions, revenue shortfalls, or salary or fringe benefit increases. These reserves are required to be 3% or more of spending (excluding bonded debt service). The required reserve at December 31, 2021 is \$1,042.

During formation of the District, its voters approved the removal of the application of certain requirements of TABOR to the District.

The District's management believes it is in compliance with the financial provisions of TABOR. However, TABOR is complex and subject to interpretation. Many of its provisions, including the interpretation of how to calculate fiscal year spending limits, will require judicial interpretation.



# Elevation Park Metropolitan District Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund For the year ended December 31, 2021

	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)		
Revenues									
Property taxes	\$	16,154	\$	16,154	\$	5,528	\$	(10,626)	
Expenditures									
Accounting		10,000		10,000		7,198		2,802	
Audit		7,500		7,500		7,500		-	
Insurance - other		5,000		5,000		2,272	2,272		
Legal		25,000	25,000		16,822			8,178	
Miscellaneous		100		100		820		(720)	
Treasurer fees		-		-		121		(121)	
Contingency		8,520		8,520		-		8,520	
Total Expenditures		56,120		56,120		34,733		21,387	
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(39,966)		(39,966)		(29,205)		10,761	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)									
Developer advances		33,000		33,000		28,000		(5,000)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		33,000		33,000		28,000		(5,000)	
Net change in fund balances		(6,966)		(6,966)		(1,205)		5,761	
Fund balances, beginning of year		2,021		2,021		2,021		_	
Fund balances, end of year	\$	(4,945)	\$	(4,945)	\$	816	\$	5,761	



#### Elevation Park Metropolitan District Budgetary Comparison Schedule Capital Improvement Fund For the year ended December 31, 2021

	_	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Expenditures					
Capital outlay		1,818,361	1,818,361	=	1,818,361
Contingency	_				
	Total Expenditures _	1,818,361	1,818,361		1,818,361
	Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(1,818,361)	(1,818,361)	-	(1,818,361)
Other Financing Sources	s (Uses)				
Developer advances	_	1,818,361	1,818,361		(1,818,361)
	Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	1,818,361	1,818,361		(1,818,361)
	Net Change in Fund Balances	-	-	-	(3,636,722)
Fund balances, beginnir	og of year			_	_
Fund balances, end of y		<u>-</u> \$ -	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	\$ (3,636,722)
runa balances, ena or y	=	<del>-</del>	- ب	<u>-</u>	(3,030,722)

## Elevation Park Metropolitan District Budgetary Comparison Schedule Debt Service Fund For the year ended December 31, 2021

Decorate		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	
Revenues		\$	83,128	\$	83,128	\$	27,640	\$	(55,488)
Property taxes System development fees		Ą	70,000	٦	70,000	Ą	10,004	Ş	(59,996)
Interest					-		10,004		(33,330)
meerest	Total Revenues	1	153,128		153,128		37,646		(115,482)
Expenditures									
Debt Service									
Principal		2,5	500,000	2	.500,000	1	,884,697		615,303
Interest		78,423		78,423	18,254			60,169	
Issuance costs			-		-		206,354		(206,354)
Trustee fees			-		-		1,500		(1,500)
Treasurer fees			2,353		2,353		-		2,353
Contingency			-		-		-		-
	Total Expenditures	2,5	80,776	2	.580,776	2	,110,805		469,971
	Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(2.4	127,648)	(2	,427,648)	(2	,073,159)		354,489
	(	(-/	,,	\-	, , ,	ν	, , ,		.,
Other Financing Sources (Uses)									
Debt issued		2,7	700,000	2	700,000	2	,455,000		(245,000)
	•		•						
Total Othe	r Financing Sources (Uses)	2,7	700,000	2	700,000	2	,455,000		(245,000)
Ne	et change in fund balances	2	272,352		272,352		381,841		109,489
Fund balances, beginning of year			_				-		_
Fund balances, end of year		\$ 2	272,352	\$	272,352	\$	381,841	\$	109,489